COURSEWARE

IPMA-D BASED ON ICB 4

Courseware



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IPMA-D based on ICB 4 Courseware

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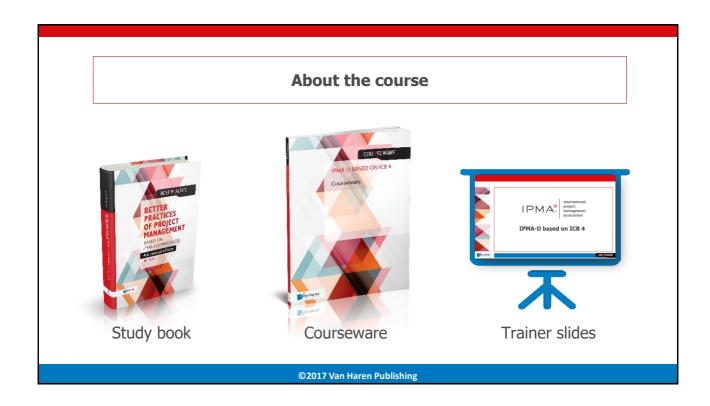
Day part:	Topics Day 1 – Starting the Project	Topics Day 2 – Planning and Delivery	Topics Day 3 – People Skills	Topics Day 4 – People and Context
	What is Project Management?	Estimation Methods	Core quadrants	Organisational Culture
	Project Management Success	Critical Path Method	Johari Window	Dimensions of National Culture
	The Idea	Resource Scheduling	4 Layers of a message	Types of Conflict
	Involve Stakeholders	Cost Budgeting	Questions	Conflict Handling
	Requirements and Goals	Project Organisation and Roles	Uses of Argument	Harvard Method
Lunch				
C 1	Scope	Concepts of Risk	Active Listening	Creativity – Techniques
	Introduction to Product Decomposition	Risk Management Processes	Types of Ethics	Seven Habits
	Quality	Control and Reports	Self Determination Theory	Project, Programme and Portfolio
	Project Life Cycle	Project Control – Slip Charts	Hersey and Blanchard	SWOT Analyses
	Agile and Scrum	Project Closure	Teamwork - Tuckman	
	Project Management Plan			

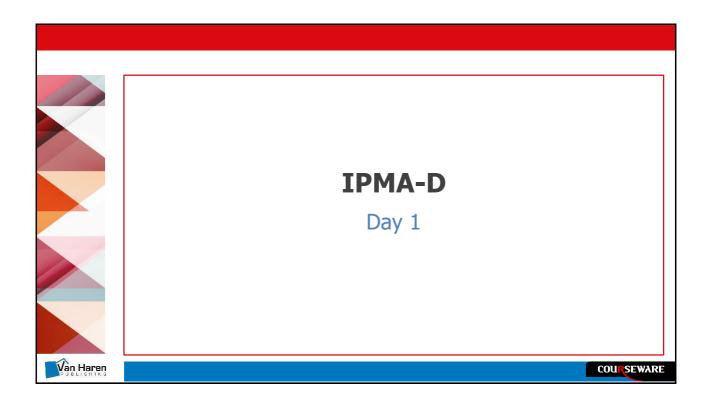
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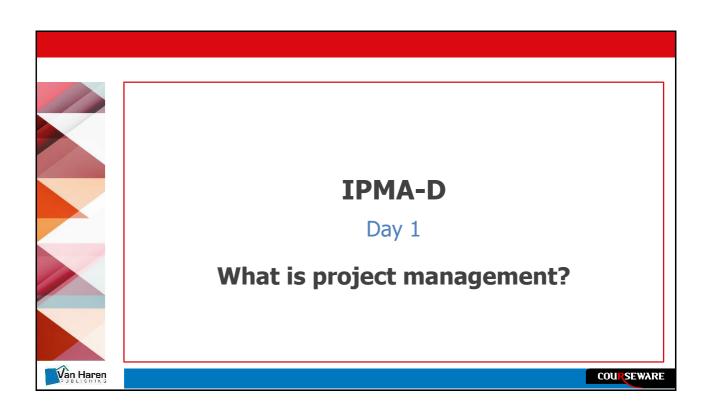




IPMA-D

Content Day 1

- What is project management?
- · Project management succes
- The idea: What is project management
- · Involve stakeholders
- · Requirements and goals
- · Scope & Deliverables
- · Work breakdown structure
- Quality
- The project lifecycle
- · The Agile approach
- The project management plan



Ways to organise activities

Routine

· For standard work

Improvise

· For short jobs

Project/Planned

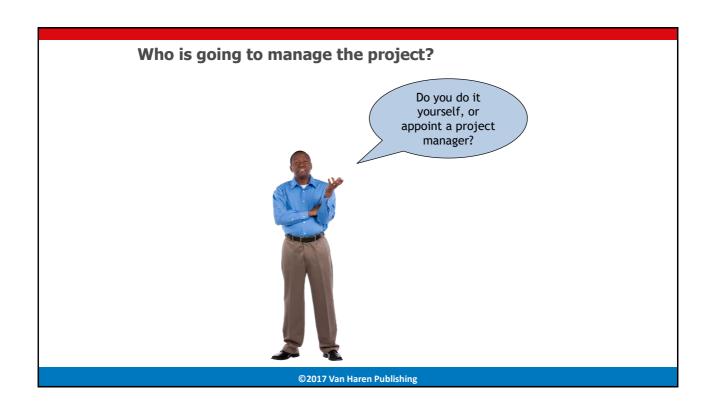
· When the duration is longer

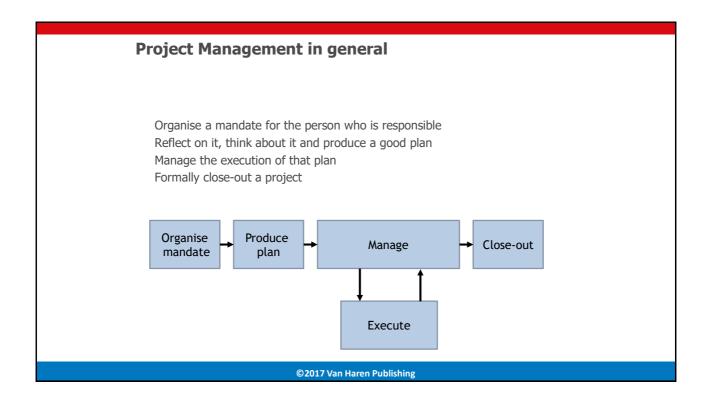
Project Management

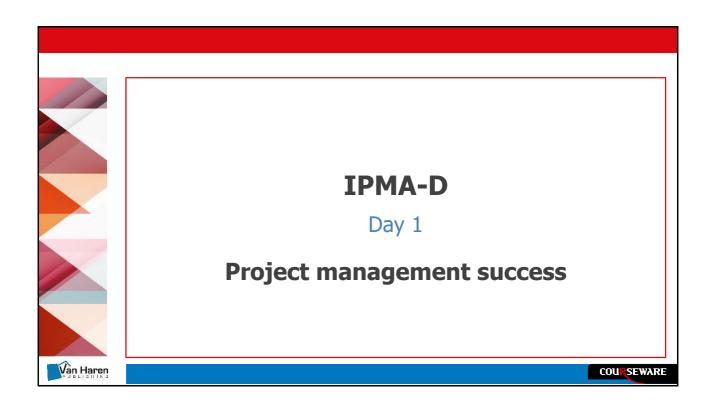
· The management of project work



Project Management is ... A way of achieving something new/deviating/outside the routine. Think before you do. G2017 Van Haren Publishing







When is ...



A project successful?

A project manager successful?

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Two definitions of success

Teun van Aken

 Project success is the extent to which the (delivered) project result <u>satisfies</u> the actors involved.

IPMA

• Project management success is the recognition of the project management results by the relevant interested parties.



1999

•User Involvement

•Competent Team Proper Planning Ownership •Other

•Clear Business Objective

•Experienced Project Manager

•Smaller Project Milestones

•Senior Management Involvement

•Set Programme of Requirements

Success factors according to the Standish Group

<u>2015</u>

- Optimization
- •Skilled staff
- Management Environment

- Project management
- •Clear Business Objectives

2001

- •Senior Management Involvement
- •User Involvement
- •Experienced Project Manager
- •Clear Business Objective
- •Limited Scope
- •Standard Software Infrastructure
- •Program of Requirements
- Formal Methodology
- •Reliable Estimates
- •Other

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Start at the beginning

Who is my customer/sponsor? Who are my users?

Who are my suppliers?

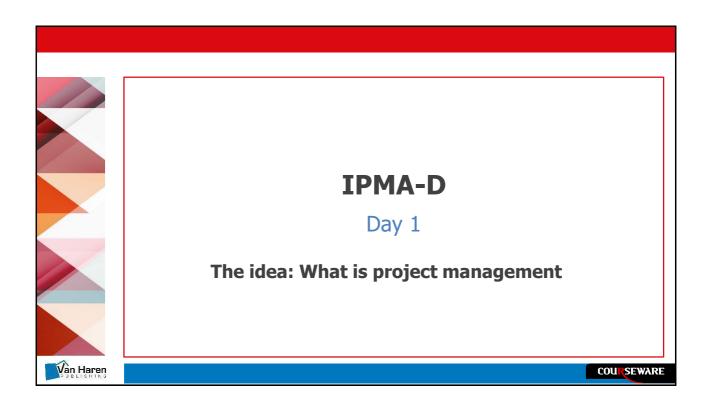
What do they want from this project?

Goal (effect) : What is expected of the project Result : What should the project deliver

What is expected of me?

Approach or project strategy







The idea can be ...

Another way of working
Moving to a different office
Developing a new product
A marketing campaign
A training programme
A renovation
The purchase of a piece of software
A structural solution to wastage

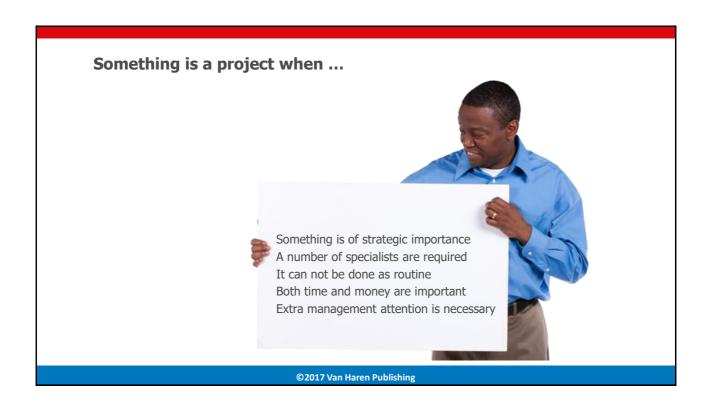


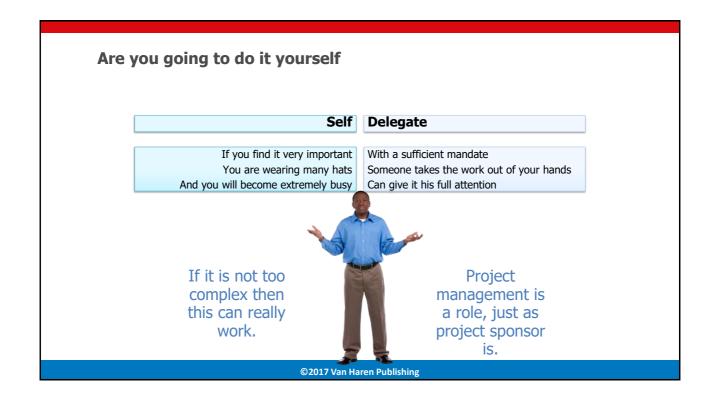
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Two important questions

Is it a project or a small job? Shall I do it, or shall I delegate it?







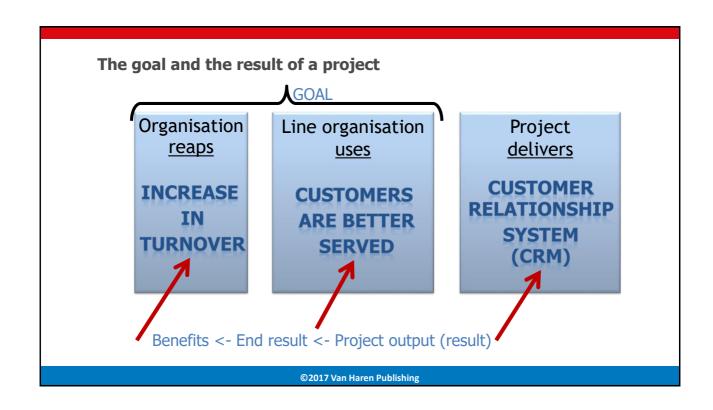
When you delegate, ensure there is a mandate



Organise and record:

- · Goal of the project
- · Required result
- · Responsibilities
- Constraints
- Phasing





Responsibilities

Responsibilities require authority What do you delegate Where do you let people assist you

What	Project sponsor	Project manager	Team members
Negotiation with suppliers	Delegate	Execute	Advise
Signing of contract	Execute	Advise	Inform



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Constraints: Criteria for the plan

When must it be ready?
What is the budget?
What must it be able to do?
What do you have to take account of?



